

MAILS
From San Francisco
Lurline, Aug. 22.
For San Francisco
Matsonia, Aug. 23.
From Vancouver:
Niagara, Sept. 6.
For Vancouver:
Makura, Sept. 15.

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BULGAR CAPTURE OF FLORINA STIRS UP GREEKS

ARBITRATION AND U. S. ACTION MAY AVERT BIG STRIKE

Congressional Measure Proposed to Create Board to Investigate Threatened Railroad Trouble

HEADS OF SYSTEMS MEET WILSON TODAY

Conference to Be Held at White House and Hopes for Peaceful Settlement Grow Brighter

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 21.—Heads of the big railroad systems, after days of committee meetings and one conference with President Wilson on the threatened strike, have been invited to a second conference at the White House this afternoon.

Hopes for a peaceful settlement of the difficulties between the railroads and the brotherhood unions of employees are somewhat brighter today, and the prospects for at least a temporary adjustment are fairly good.

This morning the railroad presidents, 33 of whom were in conference with the president on Saturday, conferred for several hours, endeavoring to reach a form of settlement which will still preserve the principle of arbitration for which they have been all along contending.

They will probably suggest legislation by Congress to create a board authorized to investigate the threatened trouble between employer and employee. If created by congressional act the formation of this board will be such that during its investigation neither a strike nor a strike vote will be permitted.

George Pope, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, has telegraphed President Wilson, whose every energy is concentrated to bring an advantageous understanding out of the alarming situation, urging upon the chief executive that he do all in his power to preserve the principle of arbitration in the anti-strike negotiations.

The president has telegraphed a reply to Pope, declaring that the plan now under consideration to prevent, if possible, an actual walk-out of the railroad employees, is calculated to strengthen rather than weaken the arbitration principle.

Further, the president declares, it is absolutely essential to the commercial and industrial peace and prosperity of the United States that some means must be found, and found quickly, not only to relieve the present serious situation, but to so establish the attitudes of the railroad employers and railroad employees toward each other, that such conditions as now menace the transportation arteries of the nation can never be repeated.

It is understood that the railroad managers are preparing a counterproposal to the president's suggestion that they accede to the employees' demand for an eight-hour day, and leave the matter of pay for over-time to be settled later.

IMMIGRATION IS TO BE TAKEN UP

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 21.—The senate today voted 27 to 24 to take up the immigration bill which a Democratic caucus had previously determined to postpone until the next session. Nine Democrats voted with the Republicans to take the measure up.

Rumor Japan After Land Near Canal End

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 21.—Secretary of State Lansing has ordered an investigation of reports from Panama that 60,000 acres of land, a concession on the Atlantic end, are being sought by a Spaniard named Fernandez, and presumably in Japanese interests.

NEW AMBASSADOR FOR JAPAN WILL PROCEED BY NORTHERLY ROUTE

(Special Cable to Hawaii Ship)
TOKIO, Japan, Aug. 20.—It is officially announced today that Almaro Sato, who will succeed Ambassador Chinda as Japanese envoy to Washington, will be on the steamer Yokohama Maru September 18, proceeding directly to Seattle and thence beginning his continental journey by rail.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET TODAY

Following are the closing prices of stocks on the New York market today, sent by the Associated Press over the Federal Wireless:

	Today.	Saturday.
Alaska Gold	17 1/2	17 1/2
American Smelter	99 1/2	98 3/4
American Sugar Rfg	110 3/4	110 3/4
American Tel. & Tel.	131 3/4	131 1/2
Anaconda Copper	86	84 3/4
Atchafalpa	103 1/4	103 3/4
Baldwin Loco.	78 1/2	75 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	86 1/2	86 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	46 1/2	46 1/2
Calif. Petroleum	18 1/2	18 1/2
Canadian Pacific	177 1/4	177 1/2
C. M. & St. P. (St. Paul)	93 3/4	94 1/2
Colo. Fuel & Iron	49 1/4	48
Crucible Steel	76 1/4	73
Erle Common	36 1/2	36 1/2
General Electric	170 3/4	169
General Motors	17 1/2	17 1/2
Great Northern Pfd.	116 1/4	117 1/2
Inter. Harv., N. J.	114 1/2	114
Kennecott Copper	49 3/4	49
Lehigh R. R.	83 1/2	79
New York Central	104 1/2	103 1/2
Pennsylvania	55 1/2	55 1/2
Ray Consol.	24 1/2	24 1/2
Southern Pacific	98 1/4	98 1/2
Studebaker	130	131 1/2
Tennessee Copper	25 1/4	25 1/2
Union Pacific	140	139 1/4
U. S. Steel	59	59 1/4
U. S. Steel Pfd.	118	118
Utah	82 1/4	82
Western Union	95	95
Westinghouse	60 1/4	59 1/4

*Bid. †Ex-dividend. ‡Unquoted.

JUDGE STUART'S ATTACK FLATTENS OUT IMMEDIATELY

His "Press Bureau" Fails to Get Consideration for Assault on Public Officials

BY C. S. ALBERT

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 10.—The final passing of Thomas B. Stuart as a circuit judge did not lose any picturesque and mystifying features. These continued until the last.

A week after scheduled time the resignation of Judge Stuart was placed in the hands of President Wilson. It was taken to the White House by Senator Shafroth and delivered in person. More than 24 hours later it reached the department of justice. Immediate acceptance followed, with the casual stipulation that it should be effective upon the qualification of his successor. This is always inserted to prevent depletion of the bench by wholesale resignations. The letter of Judge Stuart requested relief "as soon as possible."

It was found that the letter of resignation was dated Honolulu, April 18. It was but 10 days less than four months in reaching the president. This doubtless was due to the frequent exchanges between the judge and Senator Shafroth. The date occasioned much comment among officials.

Almost coincident with the resignation came the first publicity given Judge Stuart's allegations against the president, Secretary Lane, Attorney General Gregory, Governor Pinkham and others. The frantic efforts of the judge's press bureau to secure the general publication of his letter to the president utterly failed. Not a word was used. But when the Star-Bulletin of July 18, containing the complete letter of Judge Stuart, reached New York it was copied and spread around to a considerable extent. Close on the heels of this came the real resignation.

In the meantime, President Wilson made it impossible for any of the officials mentioned in the letter of Judge Stuart to pursue it at length. Attorney General Gregory was the first to request a copy of it. The president then took a pair of sears and whacked the latter into "takes." All those referring directly to himself went directly into the waste basket. Those mentioning other were sent to the interested parties. The attorney general received the section belonging to him. It is surmised that the take relating to Governor Pinkham was sent along to Hawaii. In no case was there an explanation desired. The excerpts were merely for information and because of requests.

Department of justice officials began looking for a successor to Judge Stuart a week before his resignation came to the White House. As no new names of eligibles had been suggested consideration was confined to the surplus recommended for appointment when several vacancies existed in the courts of Hawaii. In this way the mulling process was in full swing when the belated resignation finally landed in the department of justice.

It is estimated by the census and statistics office of Canada that the area devoted to oats for 1916 is 10,499,500 acres, as compared with 11,365,000 acres in 1915 and 10,061,000 acres in 1914. The area sown to barley is estimated at 1,317,500 acres, as against 1,509,350 last year.

HONOLULU SUGGESTED FOR WORLD-PEACE CONFERENCE

New York Financial Organ Urges Unique Advantage of Cross-Roads of Pacific for Important Tribunal

Daily Financial America, under date of August 7, 1916, suggests to the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu that Honolulu, capital of the Territory of Hawaii, midway between possessions held by the more powerful nations of the world, is a logical situation for an international tribunal, and this opinion is voiced by pacifists who have already visited the city to better determine its advantages.

It is argued that Honolulu, through its splendid ocean transportation facilities, its proximity to several important capitals of the world, is admirably adapted as a meeting place for those designated in later years to participate in a series of conferences leading to a lasting world peace. Honolulu is within easy steaming distance of the American mainland, as well as the coasts of Siberia, Japan, China, the Dutch Netherlands, the Indian Peninsula and Australasia. It has regular steamship communication with the more important points on the west coast and is on the direct Panama canal route of Central and South America.

A revival of a discussion of plans for a big peace conference to be held at a central and a neutral point followed the visit of several diplomats representing the Allied and Central Powers to Honolulu, who are said to have been favorably impressed with the possibilities offered by the city as a second "Hague Tribunal."

Secretary Brown of the chamber of commerce said today that the suggestion is of immediate interest and will be given appreciative consideration.

ARMY OFFICERS CHOOSE AVIATION FIELD FOR OAHU

Fort Kamehameha Site, About 200 Acres, Recommended to War Department

MANY APPLICATIONS FROM WOULD-BE FLYERS

Army officers have selected the site of the future Oahu aviation camp, and with the choosing of a suitable field the organization of the Aero Club of Hawaii is expected to be undertaken shortly.

Gen. Robert K. Evans, commanding the Hawaiian department, is an active and enthusiastic supporter of the plans for developing aviation here and has asked the war department for 24 biplanes and two civilian instructors. The field chosen is at Fort Kamehameha and has many advantages. It is easy of access from Honolulu and has facilities for both land and water flying. It is on the left of the road approaching the Fort Kamehameha buildings. There are approximately 200 acres in the field, and the water hangar used will be on the site chosen by Lieut. Harold Geier, the aviator who some time ago made experiments here with the idea of developing service flying in Hawaii.

It will be recommended to the war department that this field be used. Interest in aviation since Gen. Evans announced plans has grown steadily and rapidly. Applications by would-be aviators are coming in at an unexpected rate, both from civilians and army men. Already about dozen Schofield officers have applied. The National Guard headquarters here is receiving applications from guardsmen and civilians.

FOUR TEACHERS RESIGN; KINNEY TO FILL PLACES

Outside Pedagogues Will Be Given Opportunity to Teach in Honolulu

"The annual summer troubles of the department have begun," announced Henry W. Kinney, superintendent of public instruction, today, as he figured a pile of letters and wireless messages. Superintendent Kinney explains that, with all the appointments of teachers for the coming year completed, belated resignations have begun to come in and, as a result, the department already has four vacancies to fill before school opens next month.

Those teachers whose resignations have been received are Miss Mollie Campbell of Kailua, Miss Cecelia Black of Kailua, Miss Constance Seymour of Central Grammar and Mrs. Emma Hottel of Central Grammar.

"And I am very sorry to have to lose the last named teacher," commented Kinney as he finished giving out the names.

As a consequence, teachers who have qualified for appointment in Honolulu by giving a year of satisfactory service in the outside schools, will have a chance of being appointed here. Personal illness, or the illness of relatives, was the reason given by the resigning teachers for their action.

Superintendent Kinney hopes to fill the vacancies during the coming week, following a conference, whether in person or by correspondence, with the members of the school commission.

MENTION WILSON AS CANDIDATE IF 'LINK' WON'T RUN

But Democratic Committeeman Says Would Not Be in Race for Delegateship

PLANS FOR PRIMARIES BATTLE TAKING SHAPE

With the Democratic ratification rally and the primaries campaign close at hand, L. L. ("Link") McCandless has not yet announced himself as a candidate for the delegateship, and indications are, should the Bourbon war horse decline to run this fall, National Committeeman John H. Wilson will be the choice of his party for the race.

This is the gist of political talk in Pauahi street these days, but Wilson is noncommittal regarding what the future may bring with regard to the Democratic candidate for delegate. From an interview today it might appear that he is in a receptive mood, although inclined to wait until he hears of McCandless' stand before announcing himself.

Wilson says he could not afford to run for delegate.

"It takes money, you know," he says.

While many Democrats say McCandless will be in the running this fall, there are others who believe he will not. If McCandless does not run, what man have the Democrats to put forward? is the question which just now is bothering the majority. Wilson cannot answer this question. He says so himself. But he will not admit that he is figuring on being a candidate if McCandless does.

(Continued on page two)

MAKEE MAY STOP HAULING FREIGHT ON ITS RAILWAY

Letter Gives Sugar Company's Side of Row; Utilities is to File Complaint

Transportation of freight from Kealia to Kapaa will be stopped by the Makee Sugar Company if the Interstate Commerce Commission classifies it as a common carrier. The public utilities commission will file a complaint with the interstate body to have a reasonable freight rate decided by a formal hearing.

These are the developments apparent in a letter received by the public utilities commission today from the interstate commission and made public by Chairman Charles R. Forbes of the territorial body.

"The company expresses no willingness to make any reduction in its rates," says the interstate's letter to the public utilities. "A full hearing is necessary to determine the reasonableness of its rates." The interstate encloses a copy of the process to be followed in making application for a hearing.

"We will probably file a complaint with the Interstate Commerce Commission to have a hearing held," said Chairman Forbes at noon today. "The commission may detail us to act for it in holding the hearing, owing to the distance of Hawaii from Washington."

The interstate commerce body also encloses a copy of the report received from Gaylord P. Wilcox, vice president and manager of the Makee Sugar Company, giving the corporation's side of the case. In part Wilcox says:

(Continued on page two)

Preparedness Parade Plans Are Brewing

A preparedness parade for Honolulu, either within the next three weeks or some time in the fall after the territorial elections, is being talked over and, while no definite plans have been set, will probably crystallize in the next few days.

Army officers are much interested in the plans and the suggestion has been made that Hawaiian Department commands would participate largely in the parade. It is hoped to have an aviation exhibit as well, to stimulate interest in this branch of the service. If possible the parade will be held on a holiday and an effort will be made to have a big showing of the National Guard as well as of the regulars, and civic organizations will be asked to participate. The talk has not developed sufficiently far as yet to single out either a leader in the preparations or any tentative scheme for the procession, but those interested are hoping that the suggestion of such a parade will develop discussion as to the date and definite backing.

GERMAN OFFICIAL CABLEGRAMS

(Official Report.)
BERLIN, Germany, Aug. 21.—German headquarters' report for August 19:

German troops have victoriously resisted the powerful efforts of the enemy. After an artillery fire, which increased to the very highest intensity, masses of Anglo-French soldiers, north of the Somme, attacked on a front of nearly 30 kilometers long on the Ouliers-Cery line, and simultaneously very considerable French forces attacked on the Thiaumont-Fleury sector and at our positions at Capire and Mountain wood. North of the Somme the fighting lasted until late at night. The enemy in several places penetrated the first line, but were ejected. On both sides of Guillemont, which is firmly in German hands, the enemy occupied trenches. Between Guillemont and Maurepas our front has been methodically somewhat shortened.

The enemy's efforts, which on the whole have failed, cost enormous sacrifices of men.

The guards of the Rhenish, Bavarian, Saxon and Wurttemberg troops have maintained their positions unshaken. East of the Meuse repeated French storming parties broke down because of heavy losses, after bitter fighting. Near Fleury the combats are still going on.

The east part of Capire wood was attacked by us and over 100 prisoners taken. Mountain wood has been completely destroyed and the salient trenches there abandoned by us.

On the east front the combat by von Hindenburg's men west of Nodel Lake continues, with the Russians completely thrown back and three officers, 320 men and four machine guns taken. On the Stochod front the enemy's artillery fire has visibly increased in several places.

The situation north of the Carpathians is unchanged. In the Balkans counter attacks south and east of Florina are progressing. Southwest of Doiran Lake there are intermittent combats near the Bulgarian advanced positions. East of the Struma our troops have crossed the Vrandi Balkan.

BERLIN, Germany, Aug. 21.—German headquarters' report, Aug. 20: North of the Somme the military activity died down today. Near Ouliers there is hand-to-hand fighting, stopping about evening. Separate British attacks northwest of Pozieres, on both sides of Foreaux wood, were repulsed.

Reports now available state that in the attacks by the enemy on August 18, at least, eight British and four French divisions participated.

British patrols near Fromelles and northwest of Lieve were repulsed. Near Leintrey several prisoners were brought in.

East front: Hindenburg's army has repulsed Russian attempts to cross the Berestina, northeast of Dyeliatihl. On both sides of Rudka Czerwiesce minor combats with the Russians who crossed the Stochod are going on and a successful counter attack here brought in six officers and 367 men and six machine guns.

South of Zablie the German troops have conquered the heights of Kreta and further repulsed a strong enemy attack at Magura.

In the Balkans Bilkista and Banica have been taken by us. The Serbian Drina division has been driven from the dominating heights of Dzemot Jeri and counter attacks repulsed.

Nicotine is found in only one plant besides tobacco, a large shrub known to botanists as Dubosia hopwoodii, which is native to the interior of Australia.

W. Murray Crone has been succeeded as a director of the New Haven Railroad by E. J. Pearson, who was vice president and assistant to President Elliott.

FERDINAND'S MOVE IS LIKELY TO FORCE KING CONSTANTINE TO TAKE ONE SIDE OR OTHER

BRITISH DRIVE ON WEST TAKING HUGE TOLL OF LIFE, LONDON ADMITS—ITALIAN TROOPS ARE LANDED AT SALONIKI TO REINFORCE BALKAN FRONT—RUSSIANS ADVANCE IN SEVERAL PLACES ON EAST

(Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless)

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 21.—A move by Bulgaria that may force Greece to abandon "benevolent neutrality" and take one side or the other actively in the war of the nations has come in the sudden dash of Bulgarian forces into Greek territory south of Monastir.

The Bulgarians' occupation of the considerable town of Florina has caused great consternation at the capital. Hasty conferences are in progress between King Constantine, the general staff of the army and the cabinet, all of whom appear much concerned at "Czar" Ferdinand's move.

It is believed that the occupation of this part of Greece is a political move to influence the coming Greek elections. The royalists, who are strongly supporting Constantine, are taking extraordinary precautions preparatory to the elections. A brigade of soldiers is guarding the king. The liberals headed by Ex-Premier Venizelos are making political capital out of the Bulgarian move. They favor siding with the Allies.

PARIS, France, Aug. 21.—The Bulgarian offensive undertaken at Doiran and the move into Florina are considered by military experts as unimportant from a military standpoint, and undertaken mainly to impress Greece and Rumania.

British Drive is Costing Many Lives

LONDON, Eng., Aug. 21.—Announcement made by the British war office today shows the tremendous toll of life which the Allies' offensive on the west is now taking.

The casualties of the British army during the last seven days are the heaviest of the war. The toll is 737 officers killed, 1688 wounded and 134 missing. This brings the total casualties among officers to 10,842 killed, 22,978 wounded and 2596 missing.

Italian Troops to Help in Balkans

PARIS, France, Aug. 21.—The Havas News Agency reports that Italian troops were landed in Saloniki yesterday. These are presumably for use in reinforcing the Allies' front on the Balkans where a new offensive is starting.

High Wood Still Point of Fighting

LONDON, Eng., Aug. 21.—Strong German detachments today drove back the British covering patrols flung out northwest of the high wood for which there has been much fighting on the Somme front, but the German soldiers were stopped when they came within range of the fire from British positions west of the wood.

A series of bomb attacks were also repulsed.

Germans Use Liquid Fire in Attacks

PARIS, France, Aug. 21.—The Germans today made a violent attack on Fleury, using liquid fire in abundance in their efforts to dislodge the French, but without results.

Russians Gaining Carpathian Passes

PETROGRAD, Russia, Aug. 21.—The Russians today continued their steady advance on the Stockhod front, at the point where they have broken through the Teuton lines. They have captured 1300 men in the last day's fighting. The Slavs are pressing forward vigorously on two of the Carpathian passes leading into Hungary. The strongholds of Jablonitz and Foreskul, on the boundary, have been captured.

Advances have also been made on the Caucasus front. Fighting in the direction of Diarbekr is developing favorably.

GERMAN ADMIRALTY MAKES OFFICIAL REPORT ON TWO BRITISH CRUISERS SUNK

(German Official.)
BERLIN, Germany, Aug. 21.—The German admiralty reports that a German submarine off the British east coast on August 19 destroyed two small enemy cruisers and that a battleship was hit by torpedoes and damaged.

The two cruisers were the Nottingham and the Falmouth, according to British admissions in the London despatch printed today, which also declared that the stricken vessels had sunk the attacking submarines.

RUSSIAN AERO STATION
HEAVILY BOMBARDED BY
FLEET GERMAN MACHINES

(German Official.)
BERLIN, Germany, Aug. 21.—The German admiralty announces that on the night of August 16 German naval planes extensively bombed the aerostation station at Papehnm, on the island of Oesel, and hostile aeroplanes standing on the shore of the island of Runoe. All the planes returned unharmed in spite of violent defense fire and an ensuing air fight. At the same hour of the night hostile aeroplanes attacked Angere, but did little damage.

Thirty-seven dealers in foodstuffs have been arrested in Bayonne, N. J., for failure to protect their goods from flies.

Great Britain's deficit for 1916-17 will be made good by borrowing an amount estimated at \$4,515,525, Chancellor Reginald McKenna announced.